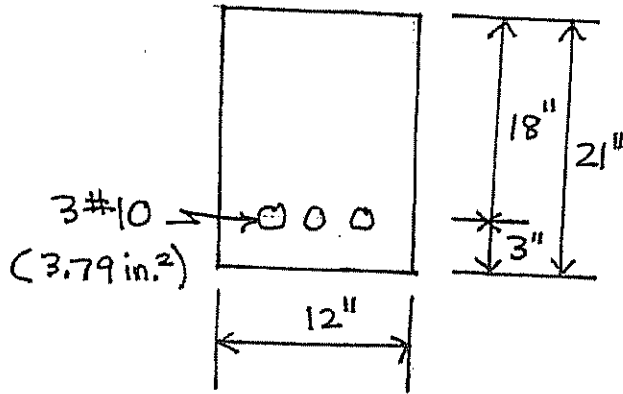


PROB# 3.8



$$a = \frac{A_s F_y}{0.85 f'_c b} = \frac{(3.79)(75)}{(0.85)(6)(12)} = 4.645 \text{ in.}$$

$$\beta_1 = 0.85 - \left(\frac{f'_c - 4000}{1000} \right) (0.05) = 0.85 - \left(\frac{6000 - 4000}{1000} \right) (0.05)$$

$$= 0.75$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta_1} = \frac{4.645}{0.75} = 6.193 \text{ in.}$$

$$e_t = \frac{d-c}{c} (0.003) = \left(\frac{18 - 6.193}{6.193} \right) (0.003)$$

$$= \underline{0.00572} > 0.005 \therefore \underline{\text{Its ductile}}$$

and $\phi = 0.90$

$$\phi M_m = \phi A_s F_y \left(d - \frac{a}{2} \right) = (0.90)(3.79)(75) \left(18 - \frac{4.645}{2} \right)$$

$$= 4010.7 \text{ in.-k} = \underline{334.2 \text{ ft.-k}} \quad \checkmark \text{ JCMC}$$

PROB #4.6

Assume beam wt = 500 #/ft

$$w_u = (1.2)(1,500) + (1.6)(2) = 5.0 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$M_u = \frac{(5.0)(28)^2}{8} = 490 \text{ ft-k}$$

$$\rho = \frac{0.18 f'_c}{f_y} = \frac{(0.18)(4)}{60} = 0.012$$

? $\rho < \rho_{max} = 0.0181$ and $\rho > \rho_{min} = 0.00333$
from Appendix A Table A.7

$$\frac{M_u}{\phi b d^2} = 643.5 \text{ from Appendix Table A.13}$$

$$b d^2 = \frac{M_u}{\phi 643.5} = \frac{(12)(490,000)}{(0.90)(643.5)}$$

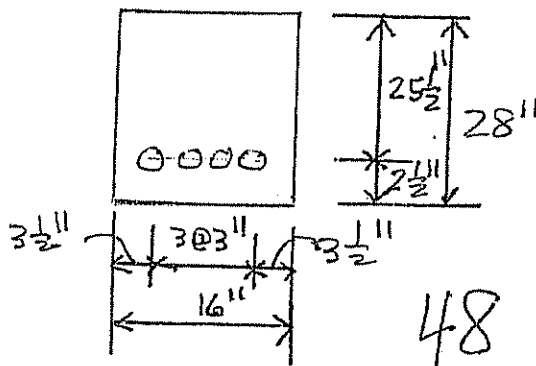
$$= 10,153 \begin{cases} 14 \times 26.93 \\ 16 \times 25.19 \leftarrow \\ 18 \times 23.75 \end{cases}$$

Use 16 x 28 beam (d = 25.50 in.)

$$Bm \text{ wt} = \frac{(16)(28)}{144} (150) = 467 \text{ #/ft} < 500 \text{ #/ft} \text{ ok}$$

$$A_s = (0.012)(16)(25.50) = 4.90 \text{ in.}^2$$

USE 4#10 (5.06 in.²)



✓ JCMC

PROB #4.10

Assume beam wt = 475 #/ft

$$w_u = (1.2)(3.475) = 4.17 \text{ k/ft}$$

$$P_u = (1.6)(30) = 48 \text{ k}$$

$$M_u = \frac{(4.17)(24)^2}{8} + \frac{(48)(24)}{4} = 588.24 \text{ ft-k}$$

$$e = \frac{0.18 f'_c}{f_y} = \frac{(0.18)(4)}{60} = 0.012$$

$$\frac{M_u}{\phi b d^2} = 643.5 \text{ from Appendix Table A.13}$$

$$b d^2 = \frac{M_u}{\phi 643.5} = \frac{(12)(588,240)}{(0.9)(643.5)}$$
$$= 12,188 \begin{cases} 12 \times 31.87 \\ 14 \times 29.51 \leftarrow \\ 16 \times 27.60 \end{cases}$$

USE 14 x 33 beam (d = 30.00 in.)

$$\text{Beam wt} = \frac{(14)(33)}{144} (150) = 481 \text{ #/ft} > 475 \text{ #/ft} \quad \frac{36T}{10T}$$

$$A_s = e b d = (0.012)(14)(30) = 5.04 \text{ in.}^2$$

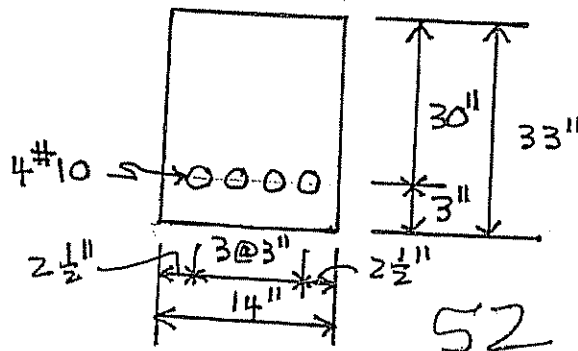
USE 4 #10 Bars (5.06 in.²)

$$e = \frac{A_s}{b d} = \frac{5.06}{(14)(30)} = 0.01205$$

$> e_{\min} = 0.0033$ and $< e_{\max} = 0.0181$ from Table A.7

∴ Section is ductile and $\phi = 0.90$

Beam Cross Section



✓ gcm